

I am proud that we will take the lead in rebuilding Iraq, but like so many Americans, I think it is time that we rebuild America, too. We want our troops who are bravely serving our country abroad to come home to a revitalized economy—to an America that is stronger and more prepared to meet the many challenges before us.

None of us are under any illusions about the magnitude of those challenges. But we owe it to our troops and their families to be equally as realistic about the challenges that we face right here at home. Again, I would like to thank my colleague for his leadership on these issues.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. BURTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BURTON of Indiana addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

#### ORDER OF BUSINESS

Mrs. MUSGRAVE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take my special order at this time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the gentlewoman from Colorado?

There was no objection.

#### HONORING RANDY REHN

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Colorado (Mrs. MUSGRAVE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mrs. MUSGRAVE. Mr. Speaker, this week I had to do the hardest thing that I have done since I have been in Congress. In our offices, in the rooms that we go into even for our hearings, the images of the war are on the TV. We have seen them now day after day. But this week those images became very personal to me. I received word that one of my constituents, Randy Rehn, from Longmont, Colorado, a young man serving his country in Iraq, lost his life. When I got the news, I wanted to call Randy's family and offer my sympathy. And when Randy's mother answered the phone, I got a lump in my throat that would not go away. I have a son about that age, and I thought of what his mother was feeling at that time, and as I talked to her, she told me that just 2 short years ago she lost Randy's father to cancer and so she was facing this crisis without him, but she said she was very thankful that her other children were there with her and were supporting her.

When we think about these losses, this war becomes very real to us. As I talked on to Randy's mother, she told me that he had a little daughter who is less than 1 year old. And tonight I would like to speak to little Megan, and I would like to say some things to her that will mean something to her when she is older and she can read this and she can understand. I would like to

say to little Megan tonight, the precious little girl that will have to grow up without her father, that your daddy was serving his country and he was doing what needed to be done for little children just like you, Megan.

I want Megan to know that her dad is a hero. I want her to know that he was doing a job that was extremely hard to do, and he was doing it willingly, and I am sure he was well aware that there were sacrifices to be made. So tonight, Megan, I want to say to you that your daddy laid down his life for others, especially little children like you.

The Scripture says that our God will be a Father to the fatherless, and I just pray a special blessing on your little life, Megan, that God will bless you and your family, and I want you to always remember that your daddy was a hero and we love our soldiers who serve this country, who lay down their lives.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Ms. DELAURO addressed the House. Her remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

#### THE AMERICAN PARITY ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. MCGOVERN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. MCGOVERN. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to rise to join the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. EMANUEL) and my other colleagues to talk about some of the choices that we now face in this country as illustrated by this chart. I know that all of us were pleased to see the reaction by the people of Baghdad today as the regime of Saddam Hussein crumbles. I know that all of us are so proud of the men and women of our Armed Forces who have conducted themselves with courage and character. And while it is certainly true that many difficult and dangerous days may lie ahead, it is important that as a Congress and as a country, we now begin to think about the future.

We have made a promise to the people of Iraq that we will not abandon them, that the United States will continue to provide security and help them to rebuild their country. We must and we will fulfill those promises. But, Mr. Speaker, what about the promises made to the American people? After all, American soldiers are fighting this war and the American taxpayers are funding it. Does it not make sense that the American people should not be forgotten in all of this?

Last week this Congress approved \$1.7 billion to fund the rebuilding of Iraq from schools to roads and bridges to hospitals to clean water, \$1.7 billion. Meanwhile, in the Republican budget for 2004, the American people are being shortchanged. While Iraq will receive hospitals, maternity care, and access

to health services, not one new dollar is spent on 42 million uninsured Americans. While Iraq will have nearly 3,000 miles of their major roads repaired, the Republicans cut the American Transportation budget by \$6 billion. And perhaps most outrageously, while we pay to rebuild or renovate 25,000 Iraqi schools, the Republican budget contains not one dime for school construction or modernization in the United States. Indeed, Mr. Speaker, we do not even have a school construction and modernization program in this country. The Republicans keep voting it down. Meanwhile, here in the Alice in Wonderland House of Representatives, the Republicans are insisting, insisting, on keeping their \$750 billion tax giveaway to the wealthiest Americans. Tax cuts for the wealthy while our deficit is exploding, while veterans' benefits are slashed, while millions of Americans lose their jobs, while States are facing their worst fiscal crises since World War II, while millions of seniors struggle to pay for their prescription drugs, while local communities across the country are laying off police officers and teachers and firefighters.

Mr. Speaker, the priorities of the majority leadership of this House are just wrong. I am pleased to be an original co-sponsor of the gentleman from Illinois' (Mr. EMANUEL) bill, the American Parity Act, which attempts to restore some balance to our budgetary process, and I believe that this bill is a better expression of the priorities of the people I represent in Massachusetts. Indeed, I think it is a better expression of the priorities of the majority of people in this country.

It is important for us to live up to our promises to help the Iraqi people. America must be a Nation that keeps its word, and we will, as this chart points out, and as we voted last week by approving the supplemental appropriations billing. For example, also, as co-chair of the Congressional Hunger Center, I am especially concerned that the necessary food and other humanitarian assistance gets to the Iraqi people who need it as quickly as possible, and we need to be there to make sure that that happens. We must rebuild Iraq, but we must rebuild America as well, and I will continue to work with my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to make sure we do that.

Mr. Speaker, we can do much better for the people of this country than the Republican budget puts forward. Our people in this country deserve the same attention to the issues of education, healthcare, infrastructure, transportation that we are giving to the people of Iraq. Again, we support rebuilding Iraq. We support keeping our promises, but we are also insisting that we keep our promises to the American people.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. MCCOTTER) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. McCOTTER addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

#### ORDER OF BUSINESS

Mr. RYAN of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take my special order at this time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the gentleman from Ohio? There was no objection.

#### IN SUPPORT OF THE AMERICAN PARITY ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. RYAN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. RYAN of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of the American Parity Act sponsored by the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. EMANUEL), and I would like to thank him for his leadership on this particular piece of legislation and also thank the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. MCGOVERN) for articulating such a fine point that none of us here believe that we should somehow rob the Iraqi people from the taste of democracy or from the taste of a free society. But the argument that we are trying to make tonight is that we want this to happen. We want healthcare for the Iraqi people. We want infrastructure. We want schools. We want them to read and experience all the best that the democracies have to offer around the world. But we cannot do this, we should not do this, and forget along the way the priorities of the United States of America and the citizens that we have here.

I want to share with the American people here tonight a study that was recently done by Goldman Sachs, not exactly a liberal think tank. They said, and this is their forecast, if the President's proposed new tax cuts are enacted, a Medicare prescription drug benefit approved, the alternative minimum tax adjusted, and appropriations grow modestly, the deficits over the next 10 years will total \$4.2 trillion. And that is if the Social Security surplus is included. If it is not included, the deficit would be \$6.7 trillion.

The gentleman from Illinois (Mr. EMANUEL) suggested maybe we offer this tax cut to the people of Iraq and allow them to grow their economy, but the problem with the tax cuts and having normal priorities is that the burdens with the baby boom generation needing support in their later years, the children and grandchildren of the citizens of this country's payroll tax will be 33 percent, 33 percent payroll taxes for their children and grandchildren, long-term deficits. We will not be investing in alternative energy sources. We are going to raise the interest rates. We are going to raise the interest payments. We are going to tie our hands with the international problems that we need to be committed to. We are not fully funding IDEA where

the disabled children in this country are not getting the full 40 percent that was promised, and worse yet, we are cutting veterans' benefits by \$28 billion. So we are sending our soldiers out, asking them to achieve these goals, and when they come back, they are going to have \$28 billion less in services and healthcare benefits that will be a smaller and more diminished American dream for our soldiers when they return back to this country.

Mr. Speaker, this is a question of priorities. This is the wealthiest country on the planet.

□ 2030

This is the freest society on the planet. If we want to create democracy in Iraq, we will. If we want the young school children to have 12,500 more schools, enroll 4 million more children, rebuild or renovate 3,000 schools, we will, because we have the power and the ingenuity and the spirit to make it happen. But we should not do it at the expense of the people and the children of this country, the veterans of this country, the seniors of this country, the disabled children in this country.

This is eerily similar to the administration of 1990 and 1991, where we have completely taken our eye off the domestic ball and we keep it on foreign policy at the expense of the American people. And we are over there because we believe in the Iraqi people. We believe that when the sweet taste of democracy touches their lips, that they will respond in kind.

But let me just say this in closing, Mr. Speaker, that maybe if we were making the investments in this country and gave the faith and the devotion to the people of this country, like we have for the citizens of Iraq, maybe one day the citizens of the United States of America will be up cheering in the streets, saying yes, our government is responding to the needs of the people of this country.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BURGESS). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONES) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. JONES of North Carolina addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

#### REMEMBERING THE ARMENIAN GENOCIDE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. PALLONE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, April 24 will mark the 88th anniversary of the beginning of the Armenian Genocide. On April 24, 1915, 250 Armenian intellectuals and political leaders were arrested and later executed as the rulers of the Ottoman Empire implemented their plan to eradicate their Armenian

subjects. This action against the Armenian community's elite marked the beginning of one of the most horrendous events in the history of humankind.

Two weeks from now, Armenians will gather worldwide to remember their martyrs and survivors and to seek universal affirmation of this crime against humanity. Because we are out of session this year on April 24, I would like to comment on the Armenian Genocide tonight. I do so to honor the memory of those innocent victims killed for only one reason, because they were Armenian.

One and a half million men and women, young and old, able-bodied or not, were driven from their ancestral homeland and brutally massacred.

Mr. Speaker, this week over 160 Members of the House of Representatives, including myself, will send a letter to President Bush asking that he fulfill his campaign promise and use the word "genocide" in his annual April 24th address. He fell short of that promise last year, but with this strong showing of Congressional support it is my hope that he will do the memory of the victims of the Armenian Genocide justice in this year's address.

In addition, Mr. Speaker, tomorrow, more than 60 of my colleagues will join the gentleman from California (Mr. RADANOVICH), the gentleman from California (Mr. SCHIFF), the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. KNOLLENBERG) and myself in introducing a resolution on the issue of genocide. This resolution reaffirms the support of the ratification of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide and anticipating the 15th anniversary of the enactment of the Genocide Convention Implementation Act of 1987.

This resolution is an extremely important and timely measure, in my opinion. It not only speaks to the immeasurable wrongs done to the Armenian people, but also to the Jewish people during the Holocaust and the genocides in Rwanda and Cambodia. In the last two years, we have all seen example after example of the disregard for human life. This resolution would reaffirm that Congress recognizes the horrors of the last century, and strives to prevent further genocides through vigilant education.

Mr. Speaker, the message of the broad, bipartisan support of the letter to the President and the legislation is clear: Turkey must recognize the genocide of its past and accept that Armenia is an integral and necessary sovereign neighbor. It must drop the illegal blockade against Armenia and establish full and normal diplomatic and economic relations. Reconciliation with its past and normalization of relations with Armenia is the only way for Turkey to step out of the dark shadows of its history of genocide. The entire western world, which Turkey so desires to be part of, demands it.

Mr. Speaker, let me say in conclusion, as we embark on a new century,